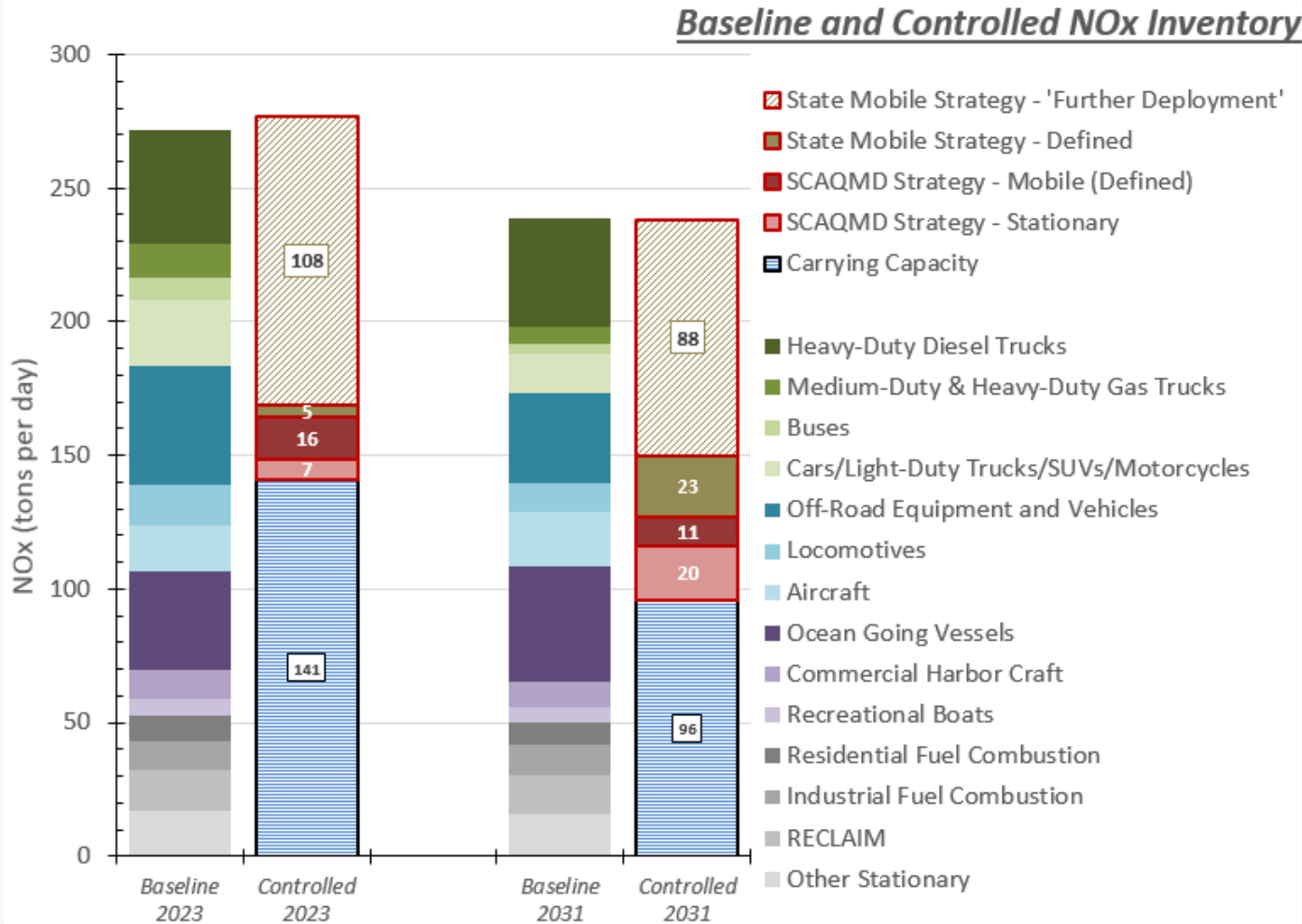


Implementation of 2016 AQMP – Stationary Source Incentive Guidelines

Working Group # 1

December 13, 2017

2016 AQMP - Overall Control Strategy (NOx)



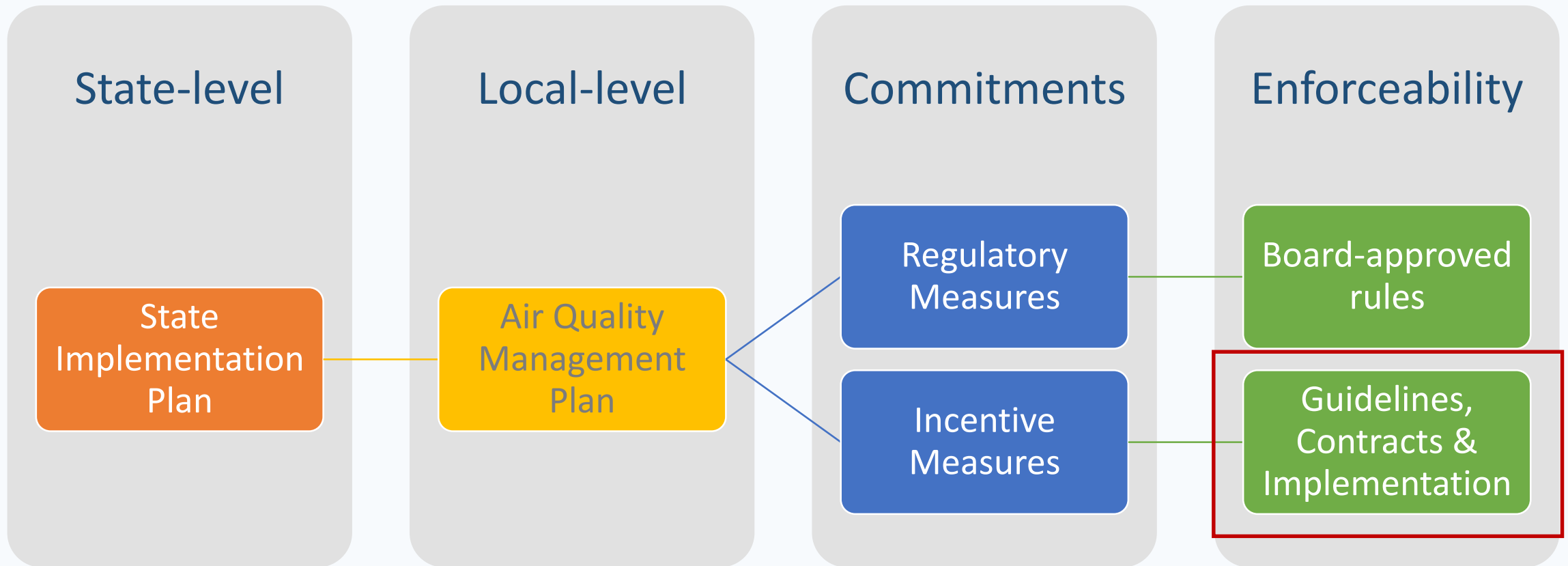
SCAQMD Mobile Source Measures with Incentives Components (Carl Moyer, Prop 1B, SOON, Extended Exchange Program, etc.)

- 15.9 tpd by 2023
- 10.8 tpd by 2031

Stationary Source Measures with Incentives Components (CMB-01, CMB-02, ECC-03, etc.)

- 4.8 tpd by 2023
- 10.9 tpd by 2031

2016 AQMP Commitments



2016 AQMP Measures with Incentive Components

Stationary Source Control Measures

- CMB-01 (Transition to Zero and Near-Zero Emissions Technologies for Stationary Sources)
- CMB-02 (Emission Reductions from Replacement with Zero and Near-Zero NOx Appliances in Commercial and Residential Applications)
- ECC-03 (Additional Enhancements in Reducing Existing Residential Building Energy Use)

Mobile Source Control Measures

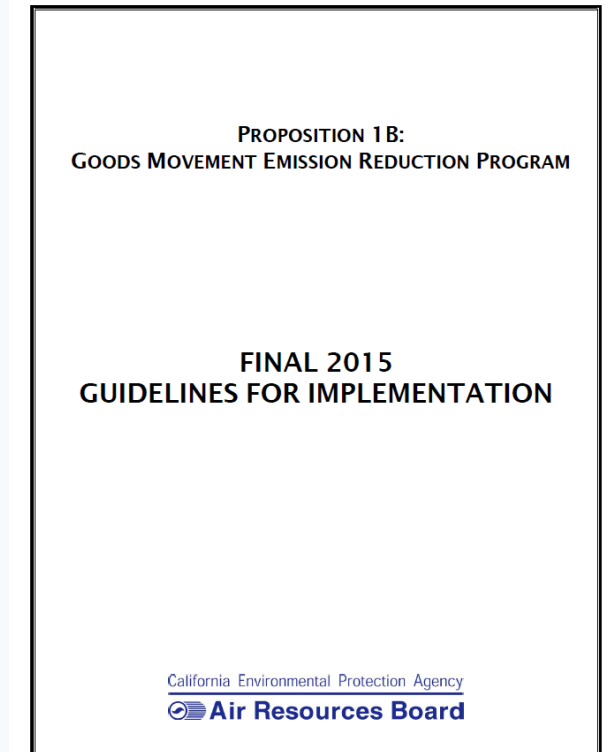
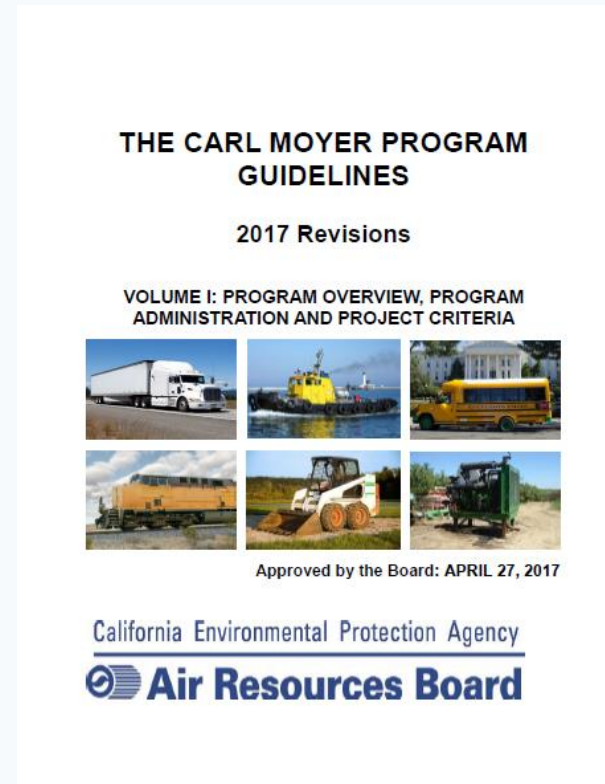
- On-road (passenger vehicles, heavy duty trucks, etc.)
- Off-road (construction, lawn and garden, locomotive, etc.)

Needs \$1 Billion per year over ~14 years



Existing Incentive Guidelines

- Mobile on-road or off-road sources
 - Carl Moyer or Prop 1B
 - CARB as the funding agency
- Stationary source
 - No existing guidelines
 - Guidelines needed to get SIP credits for incentive projects



Stationary Source Incentive Guidelines Overview

Applicability: Stationary source incentive projects with emission reductions that could be counted towards the SIP

Program Guidelines

- General criteria
- Program administration

Individual Guidelines

- For each project type

Project Demonstration

- Includes emission reductions & enforceable commitment

Proposed Incentive Guidelines

- Purpose
 - Provide general criteria & administrative procedures for SIP-creditable projects
- Approach
 - Follow Carl Moyer Guideline framework, modified as needed
- Project Types
 - A. Replacements
 - B. Retrofits
 - C. Efficiencies (e.g., energy, logistics, etc.)
 - D. Others

Proposed Incentive Program Guidelines – General Criteria

1. Contract Term / Project Life

- Project life - the period in which surplus emission reductions are delivered

	Carl Moyer	Proposed SCAQMD Stationary
Project life	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Minimum 3 years	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Follow Carl Moyer & span project life to future attainment date (such as 2023 for 1997 8-hr ozone attainment)

2. Project Co-Funding

- Co-funding will improve cost effectiveness
- Incentives must not exceed the total project costs
- Ensure no double counting of emission reductions for SIP credit
 - Could be challenging in some cases

Proposed Incentive Program Guidelines – General Criteria (cont.)

3. Cost-effectiveness

Type	Carl Moyer	Proposed SCAQMD Stationary
Conventional / lower emission reduction project	\$30,000 per ton, PM weighted by a factor of 20	Cost effectiveness thresholds* TBD Could vary by project type considering co-benefits <small>*SCAQMD to provide protocols for cost effectiveness & surplus calculations (with generic examples)</small>
Zero emission technology (or cleanest certified)	\$100,000 per ton (beyond conventional reductions)	
School Bus	\$276,230 per ton	

Proposed Incentive Program Guidelines – General Criteria (cont.)

4. Emission Reductions to be Surplus, Quantifiable, Permanent and Enforceable

- Surplus
 - Not be required by any federal, State or local rule/regulation/legal mandates/air quality program/consent decree for the course of project life;
 - Emission reductions are “surplus” only for the remaining useful life of equipment being replaced.
- Quantifiable
 - Reliably measured or determined, as well as replicated;
 - A validated database, project life, usage, emission reduction equations, and emission factor.
- Permanent
 - Require the old equipment be destroyed and the destruction is verified to ensure baseline equipment is not reused;
- Enforceable
 - Independently verifiable and practically enforceable consistent with U.S. EPA guidance;
 - Program violations are defined;
 - Those liable can be identified;
 - District or U.S. EPA may apply penalties and secure corrective action where applicable; and
 - Citizens have access to all emissions-related information obtained from participating sources.

Proposed Incentive Program Guidelines – General Criteria (cont.)

5. Emission Reduction Technologies Certification

	Carl Moyer	Proposed SCAQMD Stationary
Technology Verification	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Certified or verified by ARB• Certified or verified to Federal Standards as applicable	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Certified or verified by SCAQMD or State Agency• Certified or verified to Federal Standards as applicable• Case-by-case analysis approval

Proposed Incentive Program Guidelines – Administration

1. Procedures for Solicitation of Projects and Applications
2. Application Review (Criteria: TBD)
3. Administrative Cost Recovery
4. Annual Reporting
Similar to Carl Moyer with potential modifications
5. Audit of Projects
Similar to Carl Moyer
 - 5% of active projects or 20 active projects (whichever is less)
6. Nonperforming Projects
Similar to Carl Moyer
 - Monitor nonperformance
 - Nonperformance procedures
 - Withholding of Funds

Next Step

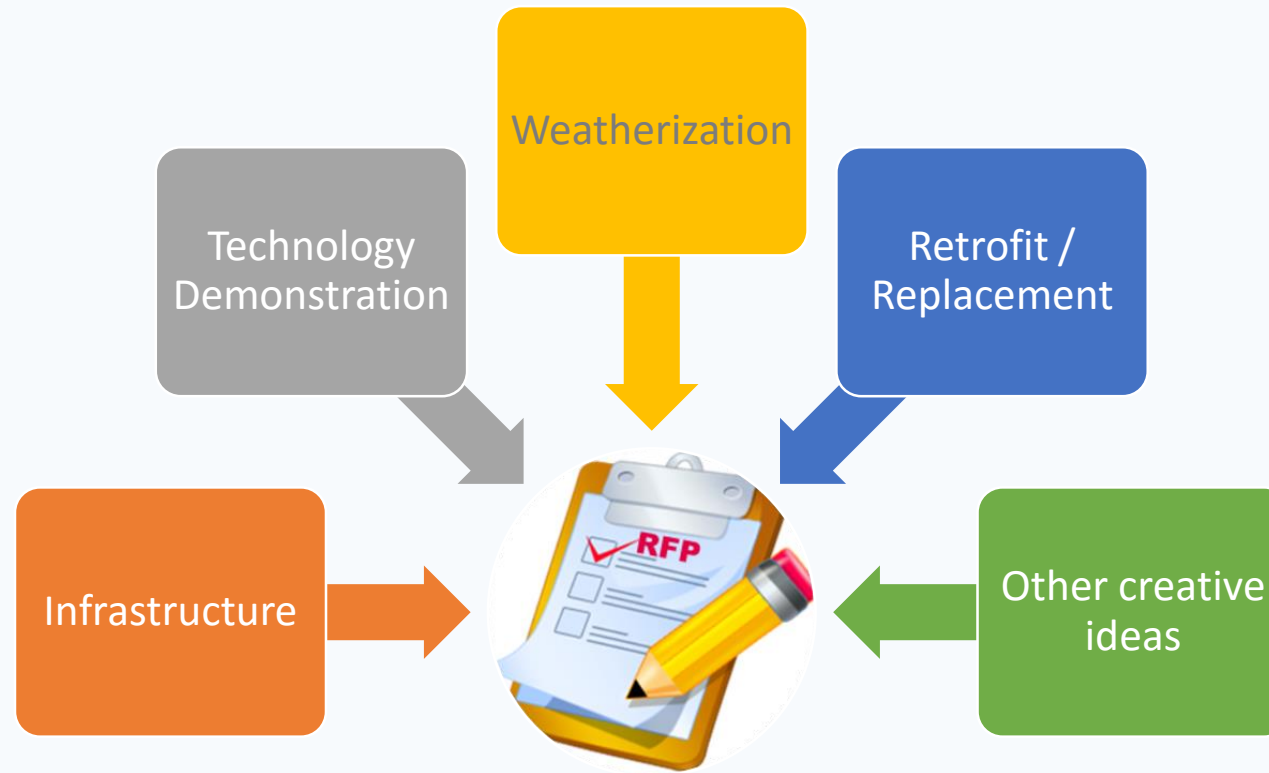
- Working Group to submit comments by January 12, 2018
- Next Working Group scheduled in late January (tentative)
- Develop draft incentive program guidelines
 - Provide cost effectiveness calculation protocols

Parallel Effort: Request for Proposal

- Pilot program for emission reduction projects that include stationary sources
- Existing Special Revenue Funds
 - 11 Mitigation Project Funds
 - 3 Settlement Project Funds
 - 1 Incentive Program Fund
- Proposing broad-based RFP for incentive projects that provide NO_x, PM, and VOC emission reductions
- To be considered by the Governing Board on Jan 5, 2018

Total ~\$61 Million

RFP Potential Projects



Emission reductions generated through incentive projects may be credited towards SIP (AQMP) commitments.

Potential Incentive Projects for Stationary Sources



CMB-01

Replace older equipment with zero and near-zero emission technologies



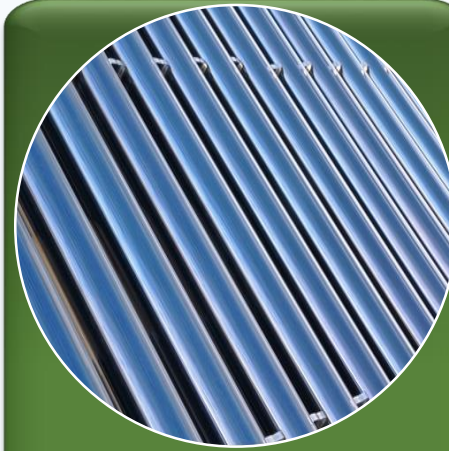
CMB-02

Replace older commercial and residential appliances with zero and near-zero emission appliances



CMB-04

Replace older restaurant burners and residential cooking appliances with zero and near-zero emission technologies



ECC-03

Improve residential and commercial building energy efficiency



BCM-01

Replace older commercial under-fired char broilers with add-on control equipment

Potential Incentive Projects for Mobile Sources



School Bus



Lawn & Garden
Equipment



Locomotive



Heavy-duty Truck

Award Evaluation Criteria

Project Evaluation Criteria		
✓	Aids in achievement of SCAQMD's regional air quality goals (e.g., emission reduction, new technology, and infrastructure projects)	35
✓	Experience and expertise to complete the project	20
✓	Effective use of funds (e.g., cost effectiveness and/ or funding partnerships)	15
✓	Co-benefits (e.g., control/mitigation of toxics or GHGs)	10
✓	EJ Area benefits	10
✓	Job creation within the jurisdiction of the SCAQMD	5
✓	Community/government support	5
	Total	100

Tentative Schedule for the RFP

